



Corporate Presentation  
July 8<sup>th</sup>, 2021

NON-CONFIDENTIAL

# Forward-Looking Statements

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# Company Overview

**Antitumor effect in key neoepitope-  
programs supports a randomized  
Phase IIb trial**

- EVX-01: Clinical results from EVX-01 Phase I/IIa trial support a randomized Phase IIb trial:
  - ✓ All primary and secondary endpoints met
  - ✓ ORR 67%, CR 22%
  - ✓ Neoepitope-driven antitumor effect
- EVX-02/03: Clinical immune and safety data from Phase I/IIa trial support moving into a combined Phase IIb trial

**Proprietary AI-immunology platforms  
to enable rapid and scalable discovery  
and development of immunotherapies**

- 3 proprietary AI-immunology platforms that simulate the human immune system
- PIONEER™ platform for patient-specific neoepitope therapies
  - EDEN™ platform for bacterial disease
  - RAVEN™ platform for viral diseases

**Poised for rapid growth with  
experienced management team, broad  
IP portfolio and scalable business  
model**

- Experienced executive management team with expertise in drug development and AI
- Broad IP portfolio with 14 issued patents and more than 16 pending patent applications
- Opportunities for rapid pipeline expansion and partnerships

# Advancing a Robust Immunotherapy Pipeline to Validate our AI-Immunology Platform Technologies

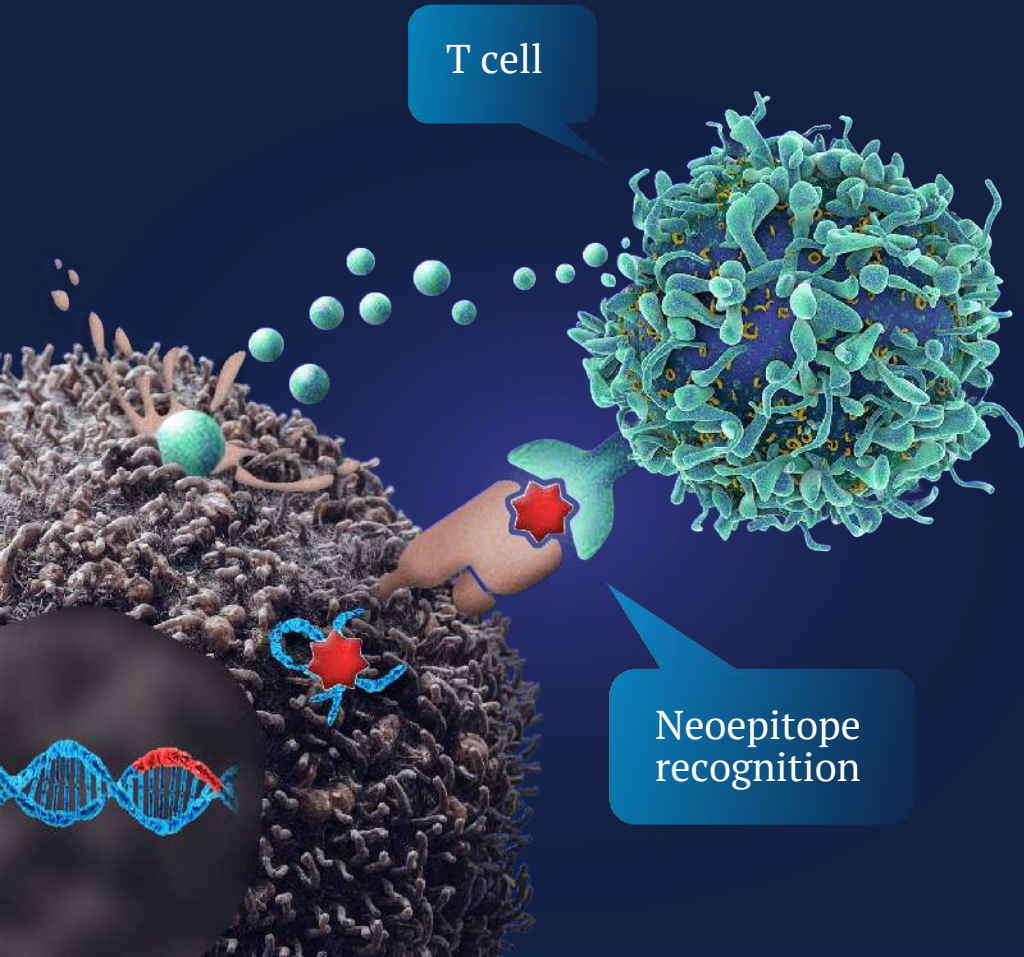
| AI platform  | Product Candidate<br>(Delivery modality)           | Stage of Development |         |          |           | Key Anticipated Milestone  |
|--|--|----------------------|---------|----------|-----------|--|
|  |  | Pre-clinical         | Phase I | Phase II | Phase III |  |
| <b>PIONEER™</b><br>Patient-specific cancer immunotherapies | <b>EVX-01</b><br>(Liposomal/Peptide)               |                      |         | 2a       | 2b        | Q4 2021: Phase IIb Regulatory Filing<br><br>Q2 2022: Combined EVX-02/03 Phase IIb Regulatory Filing<br><br>Q2 2022: Combined EVX-02/03 Phase IIb Regulatory Filing |
|  | Metastatic Melanoma                                |                      |         |          |           |  |
|  | <b>EVX-02</b><br>(DNA)                             |                      |         |          |           |  |
|  | Adjuvant Melanoma                                  |                      |         |          |           |  |
|  | <b>EVX-03</b><br>(Targeted DNA)                    |                      |         |          |           |  |
|  | Multiple Cancers                                   |                      |         |          |           |  |
| <b>EDEN™</b><br>Vaccines against bacterial diseases        | <b>EVX-B1</b><br>(Adjuvanted Recombinant Proteins) |                      |         |          |           | H2 2022: Regulatory Filing   |
|  | <i>S. aureus</i> , SSTI                            |                      |         |          |           |  |
| <b>RAVEN™</b><br>Vaccines against viral diseases           | <b>EVX-VX</b><br>(DNA/mRNA)                        |                      |         |          |           | Q1 2022: Select First Viral Candidate  |
|  | Multiple viruses                                   |                      |         |          |           |  |



# PIONEER

AI PLATFORM FOR  
NEOEPITOPE THERAPIES

# PIONEER: Proprietary AI Platform for the Generation of Patient-Specific Neoepitope-Based Cancer Therapies



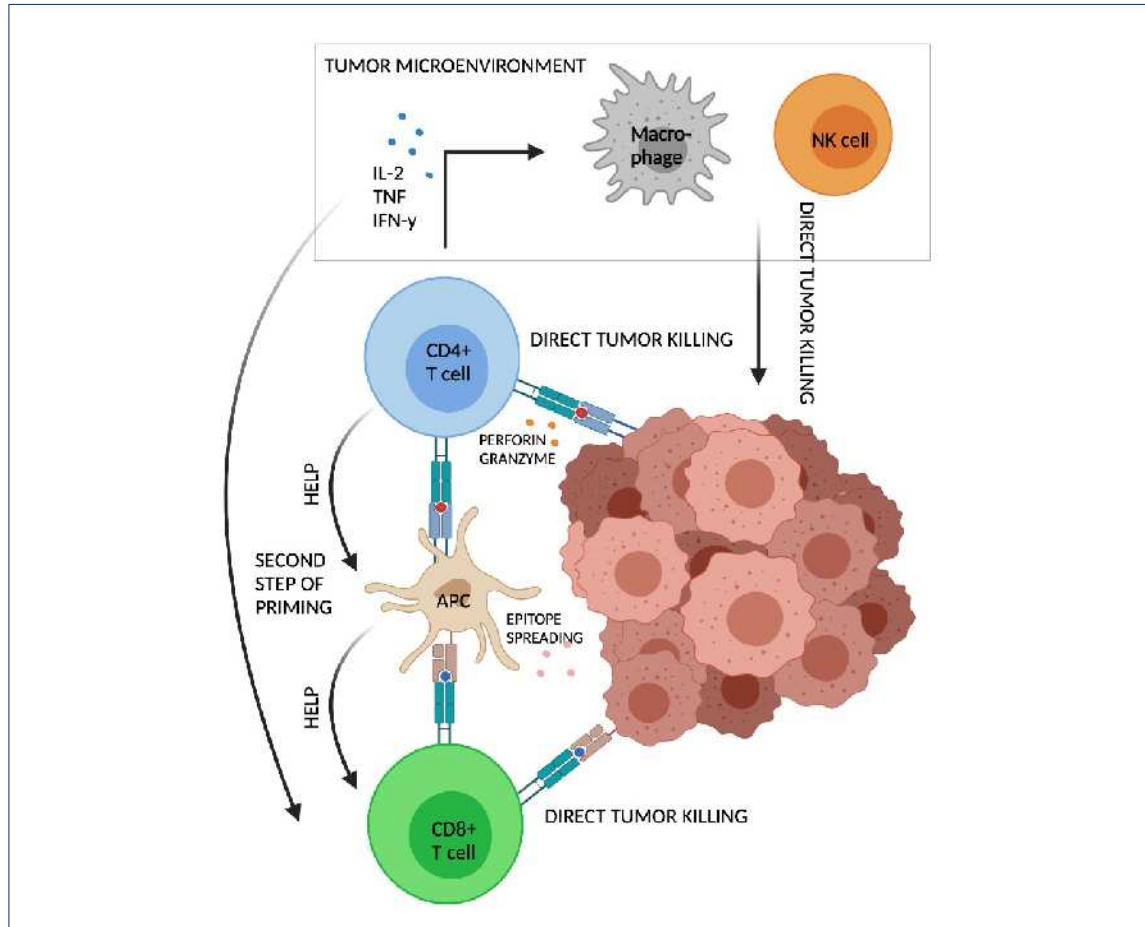
## Neoepitopes are ideal cancer immunotherapy targets that:

- arise from patient-specific tumor mutations
- play a critical role in CD4+ and CD8+ T cell-mediated antitumor immunity
- are absent in healthy tissues and
- are recognized as non-self by the immune system

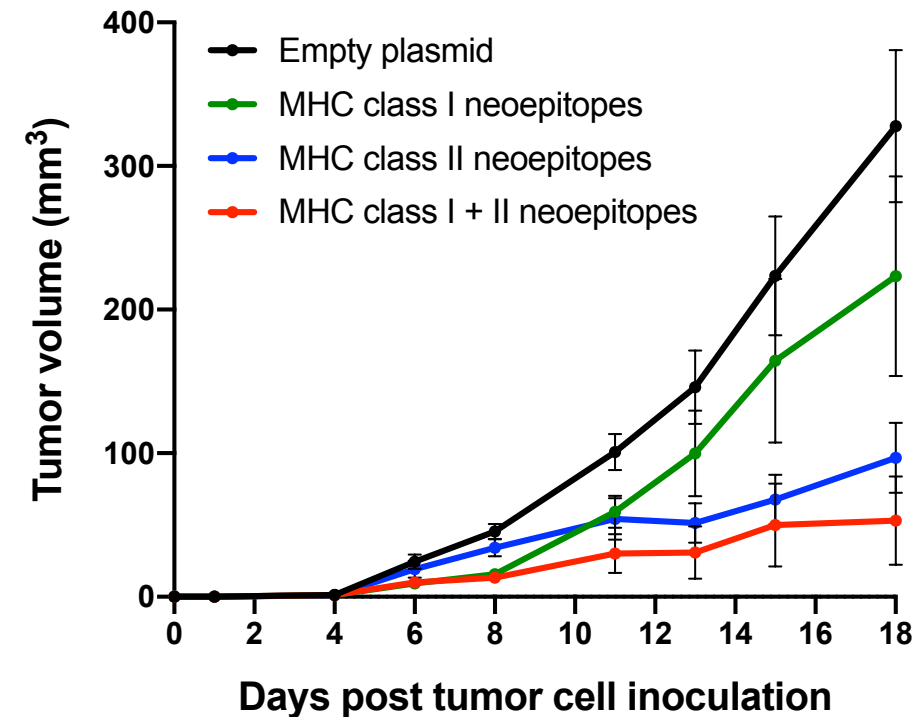
**Our proprietary AI-platform PIONEER is trained to efficiently identify and select the best MHC class I and II neoepitopes for *de novo* T-cell induction and antitumor effect in each patient**

# CD4+ T and CD8+ T cells Play a Critical Role in Neoepitope-Based Tumor Killing

Both CD4+ and CD8+ neoepitope-specific T cells lead to tumor killing



Both MHC class I and II neoepitopes drive antitumor effect



*In vivo tumor study investigating the interplay of MHC class I and II neoepitopes. P-values calculated using unpaired t test with Welch's correction. Not significant (volume AUC of Empty plasmid vs MHC class I neoepitopes),  $P < 0.001$  (tumor volume AUC of Empty plasmid vs MHC class II neoepitopes) and  $P < 0.001$  (tumor volume AUC of Empty plasmid vs MHC class I + II neoepitopes).*



# Product Candidates with Differentiated Neoepitope-Driven Mode of Action



**PIONEER AI Platform**

+



**Delivery Modality**

=



**Product Candidates with Differentiated MoA**

| Delivery Modality          | CD4+ T-cell response | CD8+ T-cell response | Antitumor Mode of Action (MoA)                |
|----------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|---|
| Peptide/liposomal (EVX-01) | ++++                 | +                    | Primarily CD4+ T cell-driven antitumor effect |
| DNA (EVX-02)               | ++                   | +++                  | CD4+ and CD8+ T cell-driven antitumor effect  |
| Targeted DNA (EVX-03)      | +++                  | ++++                 | CD4+ and CD8+ T cell-driven antitumor effect  |

# EVX-01

## CLINICAL DATA

*Patient-Specific Neoepitope-Based Therapy  
Advanced or Metastatic Melanoma*

# EVX-01 Key Conclusion: Data Supports Future Randomized Controlled Phase IIb Trial of EVX-01

- All primary and secondary endpoints met: EVX-01 appears to be well-tolerated, only grade 1/2 AEs observed
- Objective Response Rate (ORR) of 67% Complete Response (CR) Rate of 22% in combination with anti-PD1 compares favorably to monotherapy anti-PD1
- Three patients with stable disease for eight months or more on anti-PD1 therapy transform into two complete responses and one partial response after receiving EVX-01 therapy
- Broad T-cell activation with a large fraction of PIONEER-identified neoepitopes inducing a *de novo* response
- Link between T cells activated by PIONEER-identified neoepitopes and clinical response
- Link between EVX-01 activated T cells, antitumor effect and duration of response
- AIDeeP™, Evaxion's proprietary AI-Immunogenetic Drug Response Platform, accurately predicts responders vs. non-responders
- Recommended dose for Phase IIb established

# EVX-01 Phase I/IIa Clinical Trial Design

## Objectives

**Primary:** Safety and tolerability

**Secondary:** Immunogenicity and feasibility of manufacturing

**Tertiary:** Objective response (OR), progression free survival (PFS) and overall survival (OS)

## Indications

Advanced or metastatic melanoma\*

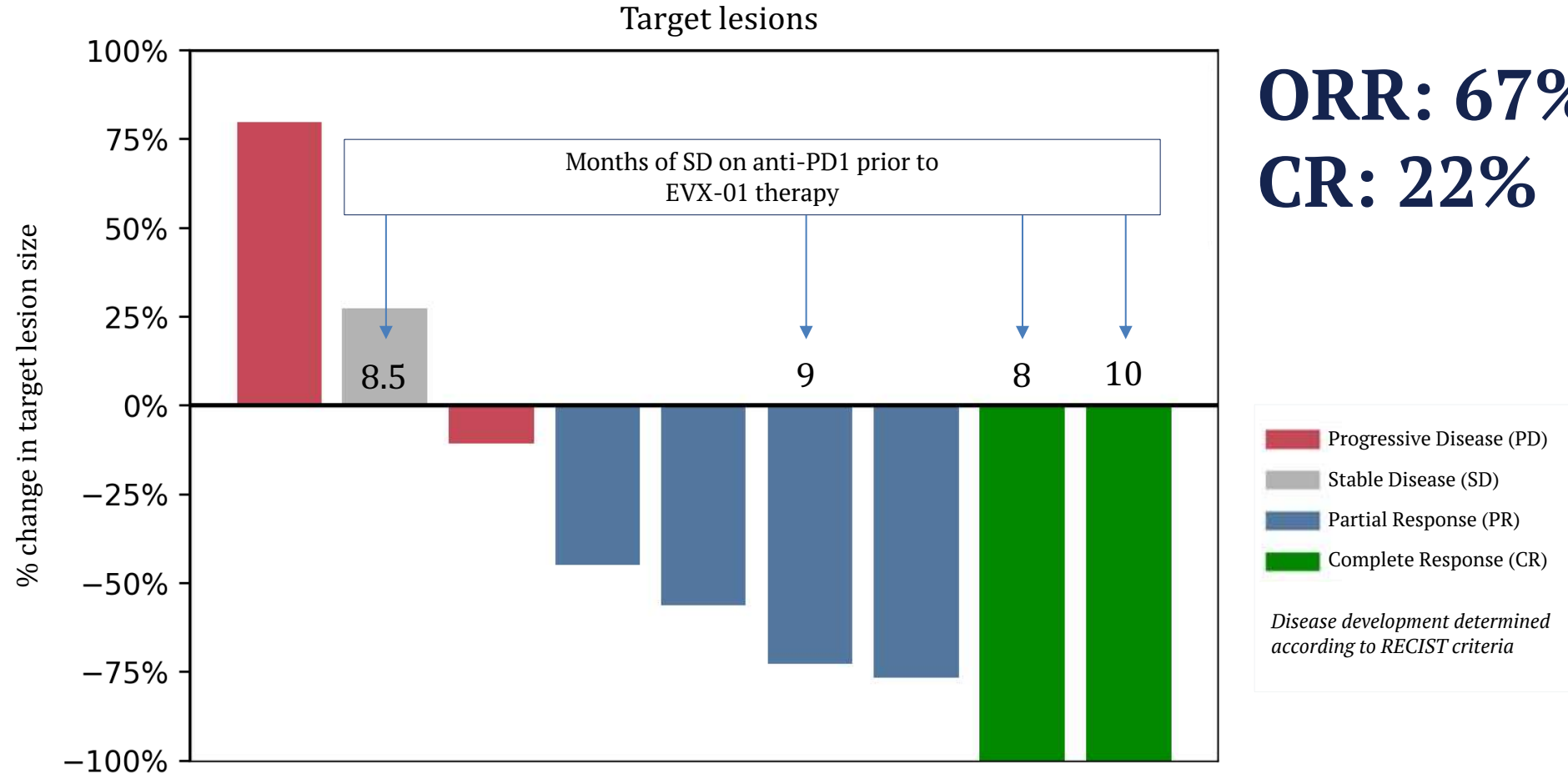
## Treatment

EVX-01 inj. biweekly, 3 x intraperitoneally 3 x intramuscularly, plus standard dose of pembrolizumab every 3 weeks (nivolumab every 4 weeks)

\*originally designed to be a basket trial, changed focus to Melanoma

| Cohort A                                    | Cohort B                            |
|---|-------------------------------------|
| Treatment naïve                             | Stable disease on anti-PD1>4 months |
| Dose escalation of EVX-01                   |                                     |
| Dose level 1: 500 µg total peptide          |                                     |
| Dose level 2: 1000 µg total peptide         |                                     |
| Dose level 3: 2000 µg total peptide         |                                     |
| Recommended EVX-01 dose for Phase IIb trial |                                     |

# EVX-01 in Combination with anti-PD1 Eliminates or Reduces Tumor Burden in the Majority of Patients





# ORR, CR and PR Achieved by EVX-01 in Combination with anti-PD1 Compares Favorably to anti-PD1 Treatment Alone

|     | <b>EVX-01 ALL DOSE LEVELS</b> | <b>KEYTRUDA LABEL<sup>a</sup></b> | <b>KEYNOTE-006<sup>b</sup></b> |
|-----|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| ORR | <b>67%</b>                    | 33%                               | 40%                            |
| CR  | <b>22%</b>                    | 6%                                | 7%                             |
| PR  | <b>44%</b>                    | 27%                               | 33%                            |

|     | <b>EVX-01 HIGH DOSE<sup>b</sup></b> | <b>KEYTRUDA LABEL<sup>a</sup></b> | <b>KEYNOTE-006<sup>b</sup></b> |
|-----|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| ORR | <b>75%</b>                          | 33%                               | 40%                            |
| CR  | <b>25%</b>                          | 6%                                | 7%                             |
| PR  | <b>50%</b>                          | 27%                               | 33%                            |

a) KEYTRUDA label study Keynote-006

b) Robert *et al.* 2015. Pembrolizumab versus Ipilimumab in Advanced Melanoma. N. Engl. J. Med. 372: 2521–32, Keynote 006 responses after 2 months corresponding to time from biopsy to first dose of EVX-01

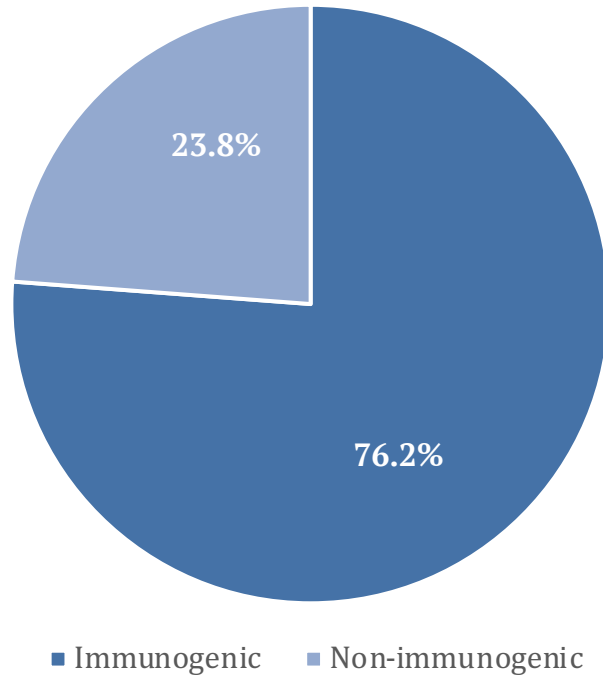
c) High Dose: Dose level 2 and 3.

# EVX-01 Phase I/IIa Clinical Trial Status: Reporting Results on Nine Patients with Metastatic Melanoma Treated with EVX-01

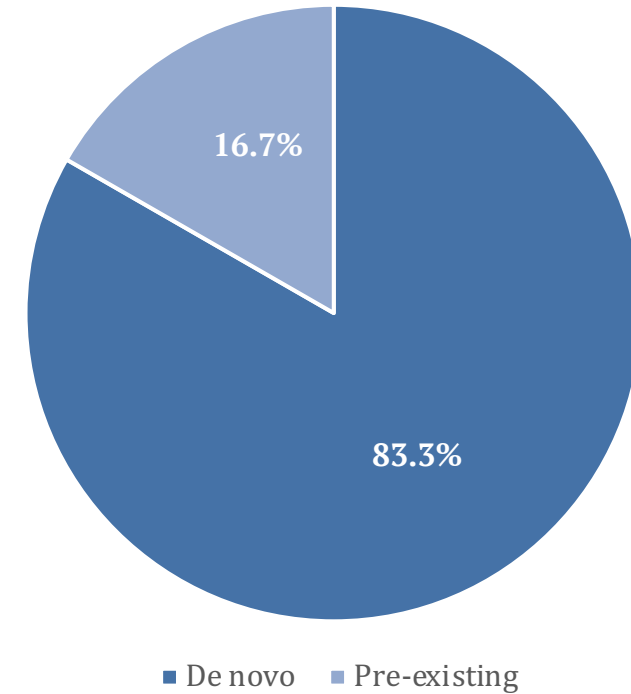
| Cohort | Months of SD on CPI prior to EVX-01 treatment | Best clinical response | % reduction of tumor target lesion | Dose level | Patient ID | CPI           |
|--------|---|------------------------|------------------------------------|------------|------------|---------------|
| B      | 10  | CR                     | 100%                               | 2          | D02_A      | Pembrolizumab |
| B      | 8   | CR                     | 100%                               | 1          | D01_A      | Pembrolizumab |
| B      | 9   | PR                     | 73%                                | 2          | D02_B      | Pembrolizumab |
| B      | 8.5   | SD                     | -                                  | 2          | D02_C      | Pembrolizumab |
| A      | -   | PR                     | 56%                                | 1          | D01_B      | Pembrolizumab |
| A      | -   | PR                     | 77%                                | 1          | D01_C      | Nivolumab     |
| A      | -   | PR                     | 45%                                | 3          | D03_A      | Pembrolizumab |
| A      | -   | PD                     | 11%                                | 1          | D01_E      | Pembrolizumab |
| A      | -   | PD                     | -                                  | 1          | D01_D      | Pembrolizumab |

# EVX-01 Induces a Specific T-Cell Response in All Patients to a Majority of Administered Neoepitopes

**76.2% of the administered neoepitopes induce reactive T cells**

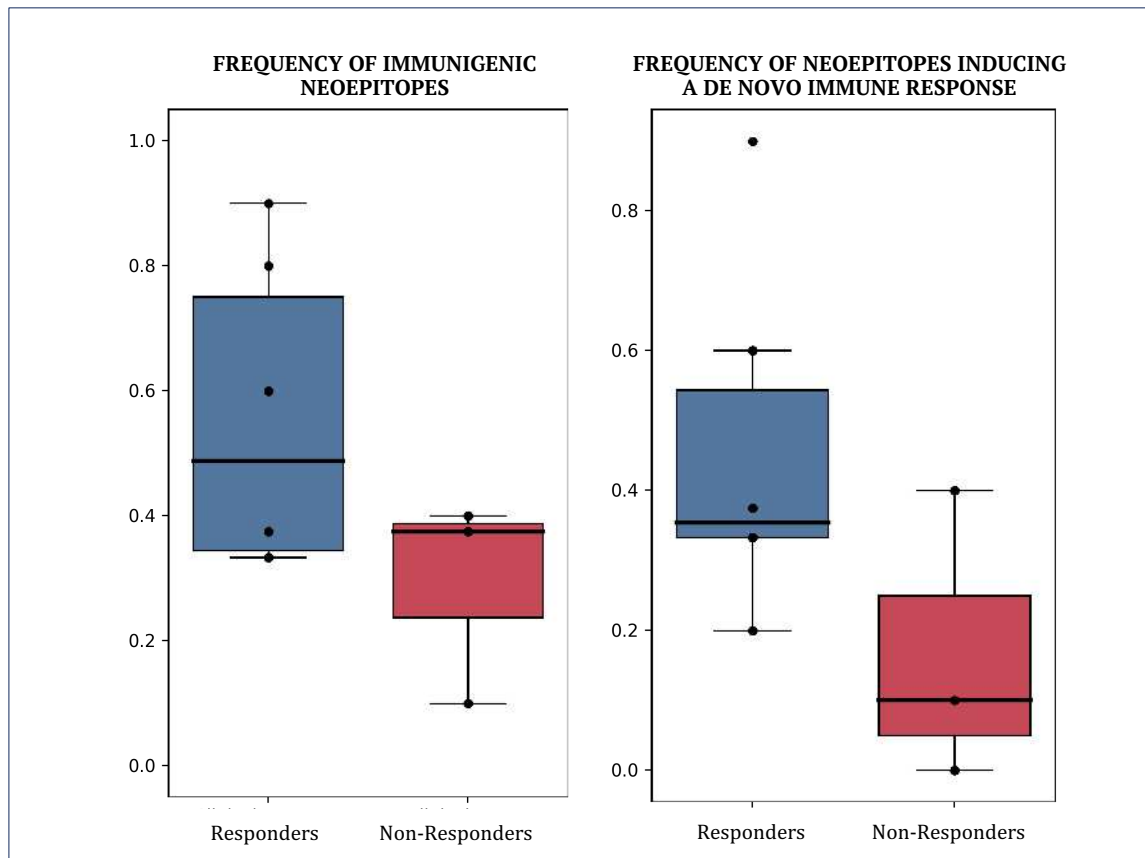


**83.3% of EVX-01-induced reactive T cells are *de novo* responses**

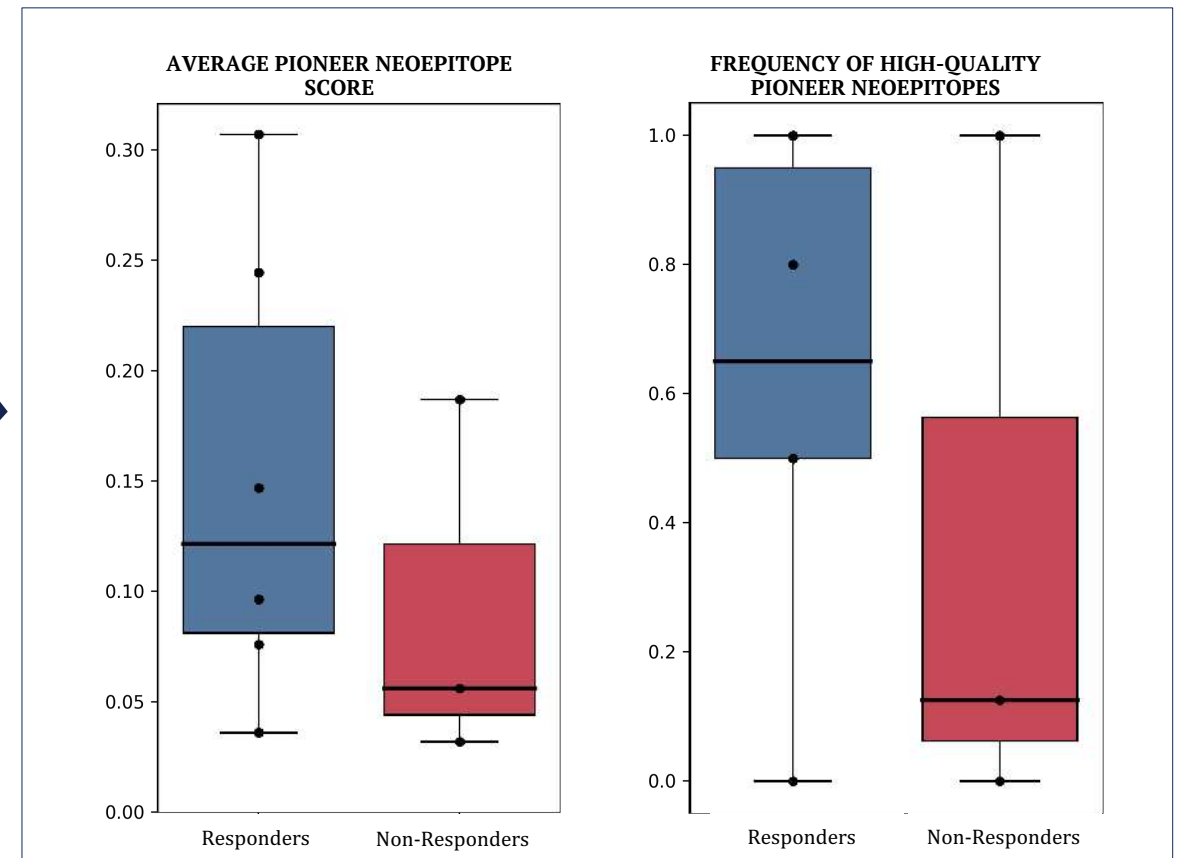


# Link Between Specific T Cells Activated by PIONEER-Predicted Neopeptides and Clinical Response

## Clinical response correlates with neopeptide-specific T-cell response



## Clinical response correlates with PIONEER predictions



# Patient with Stable Disease for 10 months on anti-PD1 Achieves Complete Response Following EVX-01 Treatment

**Patient D02\_A, 64-year-old female diagnosed with Stage IV (M1a) metastatic melanoma**

**Patient Status:**

SD on CPI for 10 months prior to EVX-01 treatment (Cohort B)

**Clinical status:**

CR

**PD-L1 < 1%**

**Immunogenicity:**

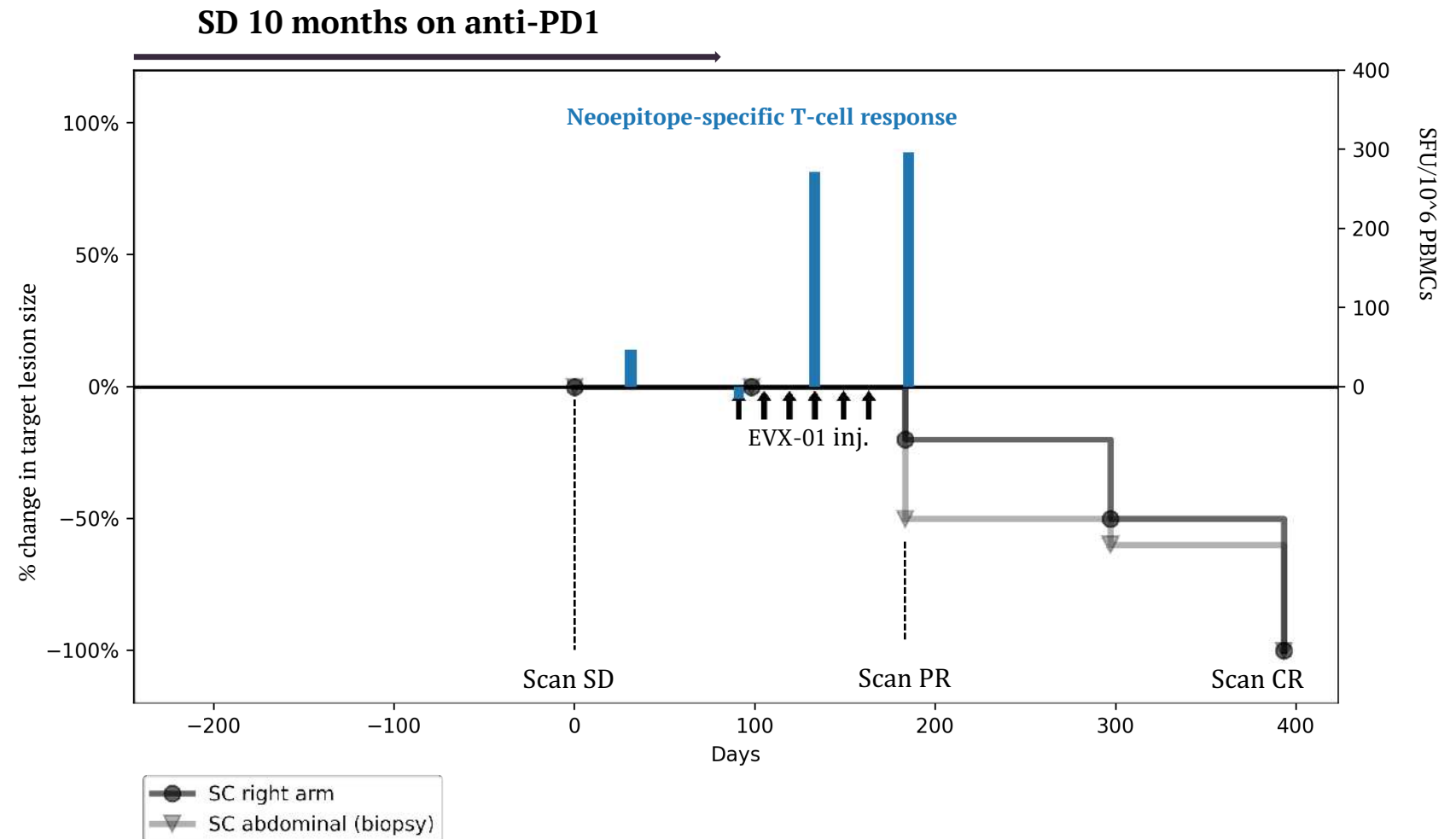
T-cell response to 100% of EVX-01 neoepitopes

**Lesions (at baseline):**

A: Right arm sc (target)  
B: Abdominal sc

**TRAEs:**

Only grade 1/2 AEs observed



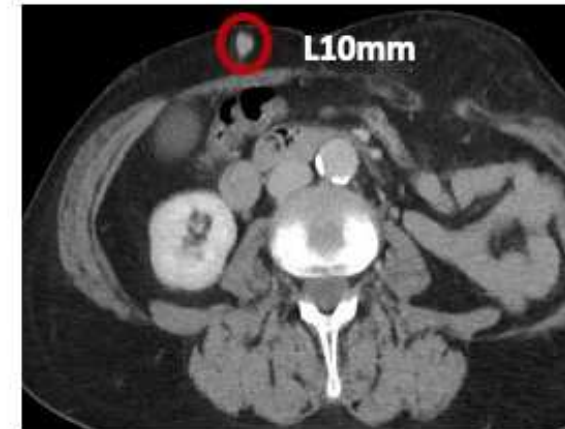
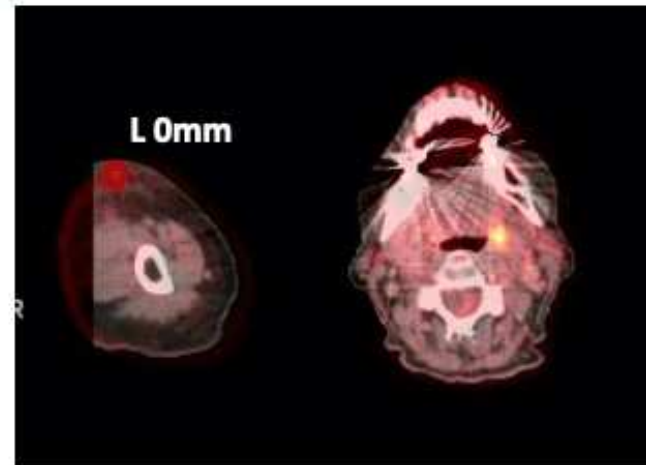
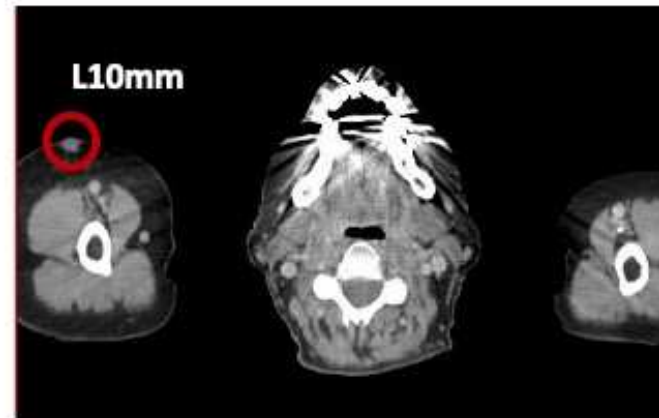


# After Stable Disease for 10 months on anti-PD1, CT Scan and PET-CT Show Complete Elimination of Tumor Following EVX-01 Treatment

**Patient D02\_A, 64-year-old female diagnosed with Stage IV (M1a) metastatic melanoma**

**Clinical status:**  
CR

**Lesions (at baseline):**  
A: Right arm sc (target)  
B: Abdominal sc



SCAN AT ENROLLMENT.  
PATIENT SD ON CPI FOR 10  
MONTHS PRIOR TO EVX-01  
THERAPY

SCAN FOLLOWING  
EVX-01 TREATMENT  
SHOWING CR

# EVX-01 Induces a Neoepitope-Specific T-cell Response with the Ability to Migrate to the Neoepitope Target

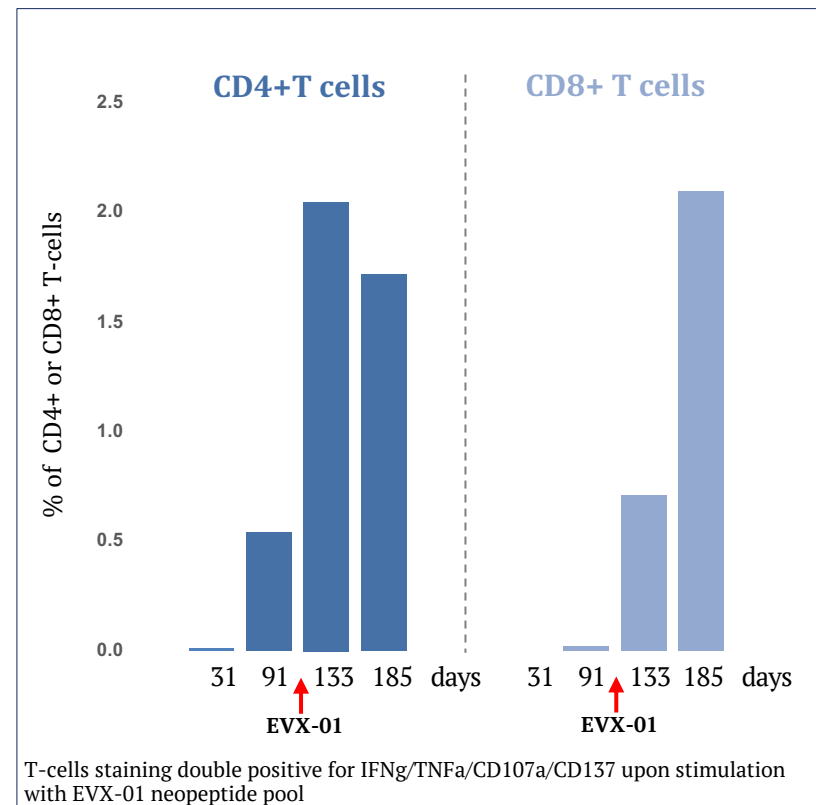
**Patient D02\_A, 64-year-old female diagnosed with Stage IV (M1a) metastatic melanoma**

**Clinical status:**  
CR

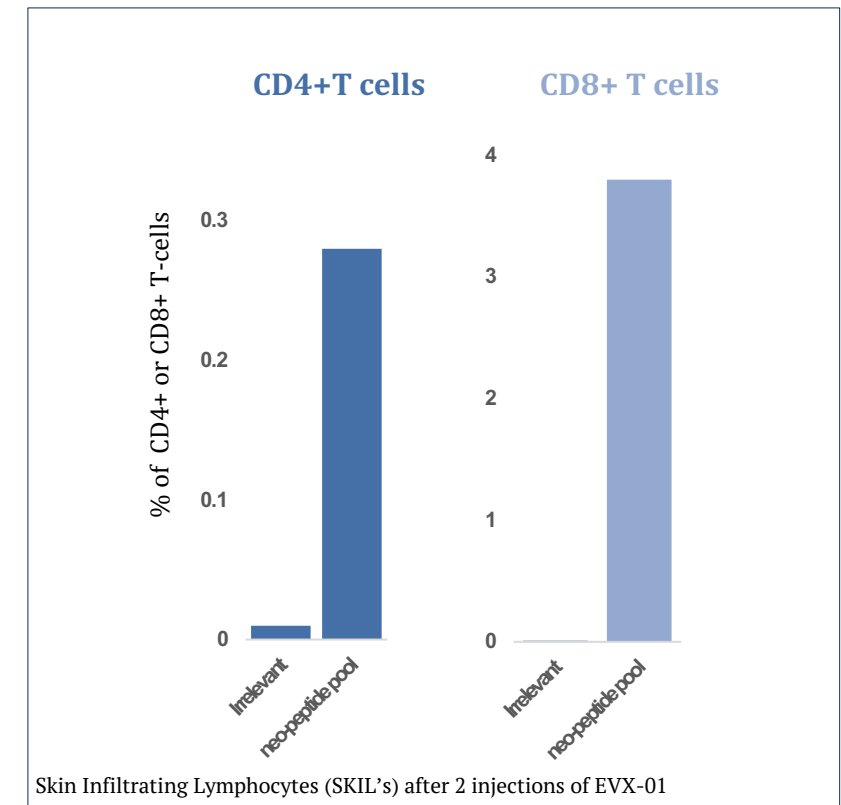
**Immunogenicity:**  
T cell response to 100% of EVX-01 neoepitopes

**SKILs:**  
Neoepitope-specific SKILs detected

**EVX-01 induces neoepitope-specific T cells**



**EVX-01 induced neoepitope-specific T cells migrates to the neoepitope target**



# Following EVX-01 Therapy the Patient Obtained a Partial Response Lasting More than 24.5 Months with Sustained T-cell Activation Towards PIONEER Identified Neoepitopes

**Patient D01\_B, 81-year-old male diagnosed with Stage IV (M1b) metastatic melanoma**

**Patient Status:**

No prior therapy (Cohort A)

**Clinical status:**

PR

**Immunogenicity:**

T-cell response to 100% of EVX-01 neoepitopes

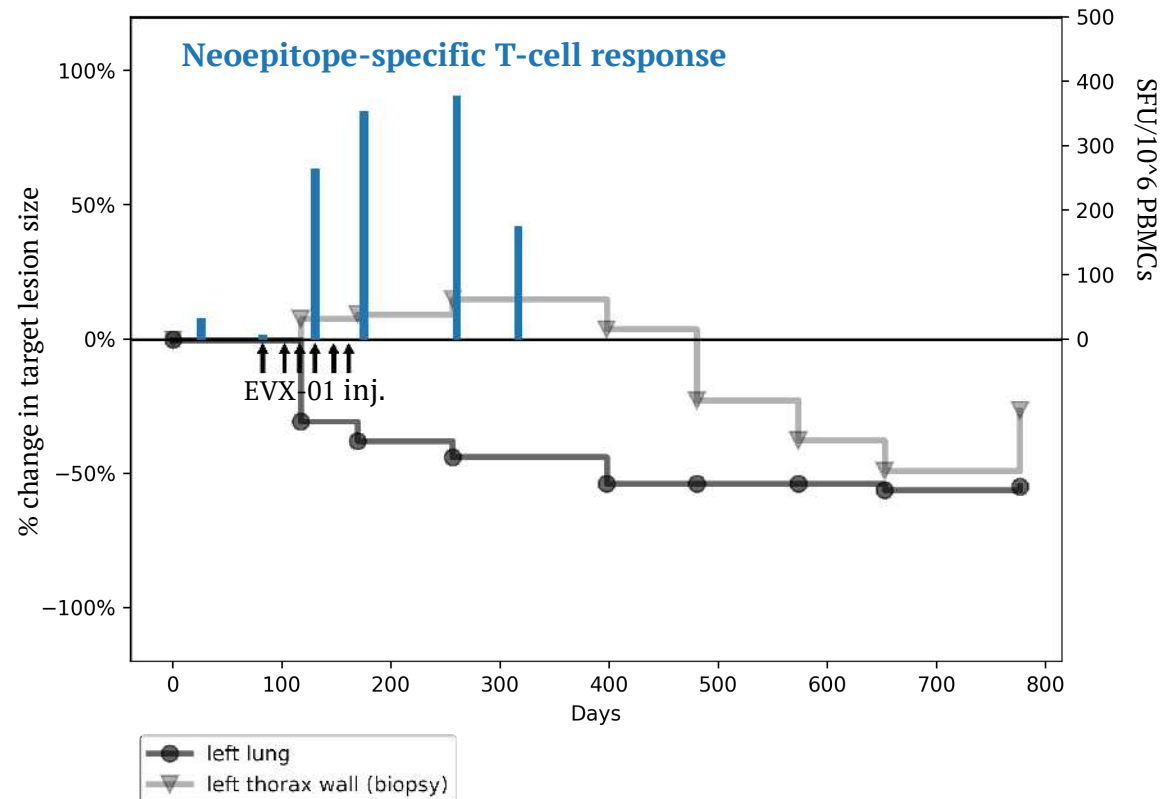
**Lesions (at baseline):**

A: Left lung 8.2 cm

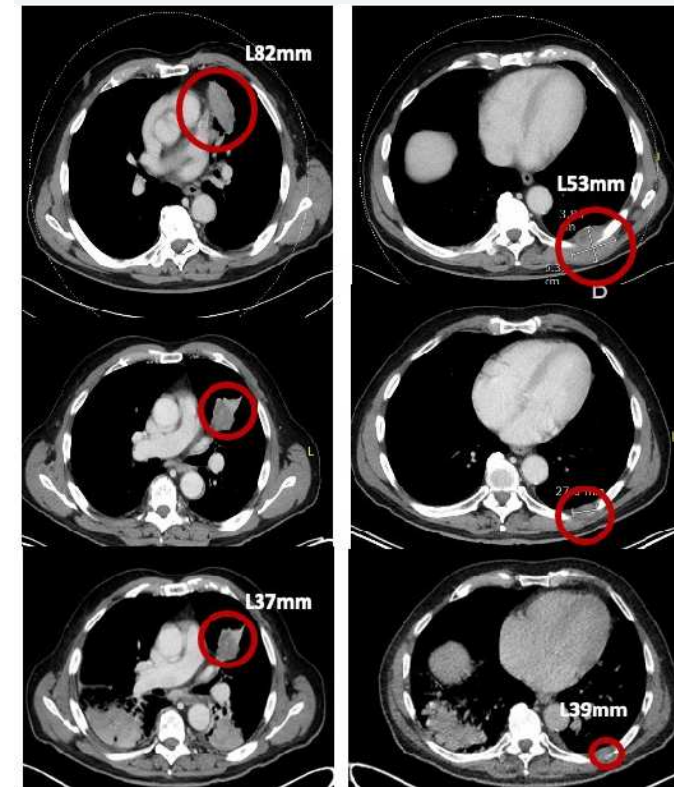
B: Left thorax wall 5.3 cm

**TRAEs:**

Only grade 1/2 AEs observed

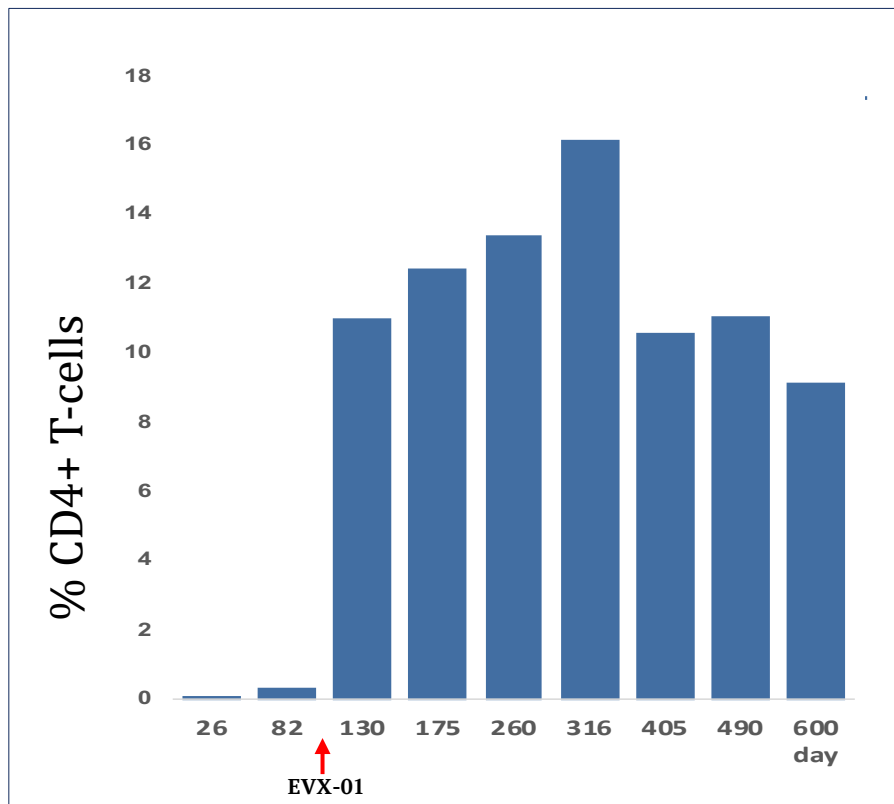


## Long Lasting Tumor Control

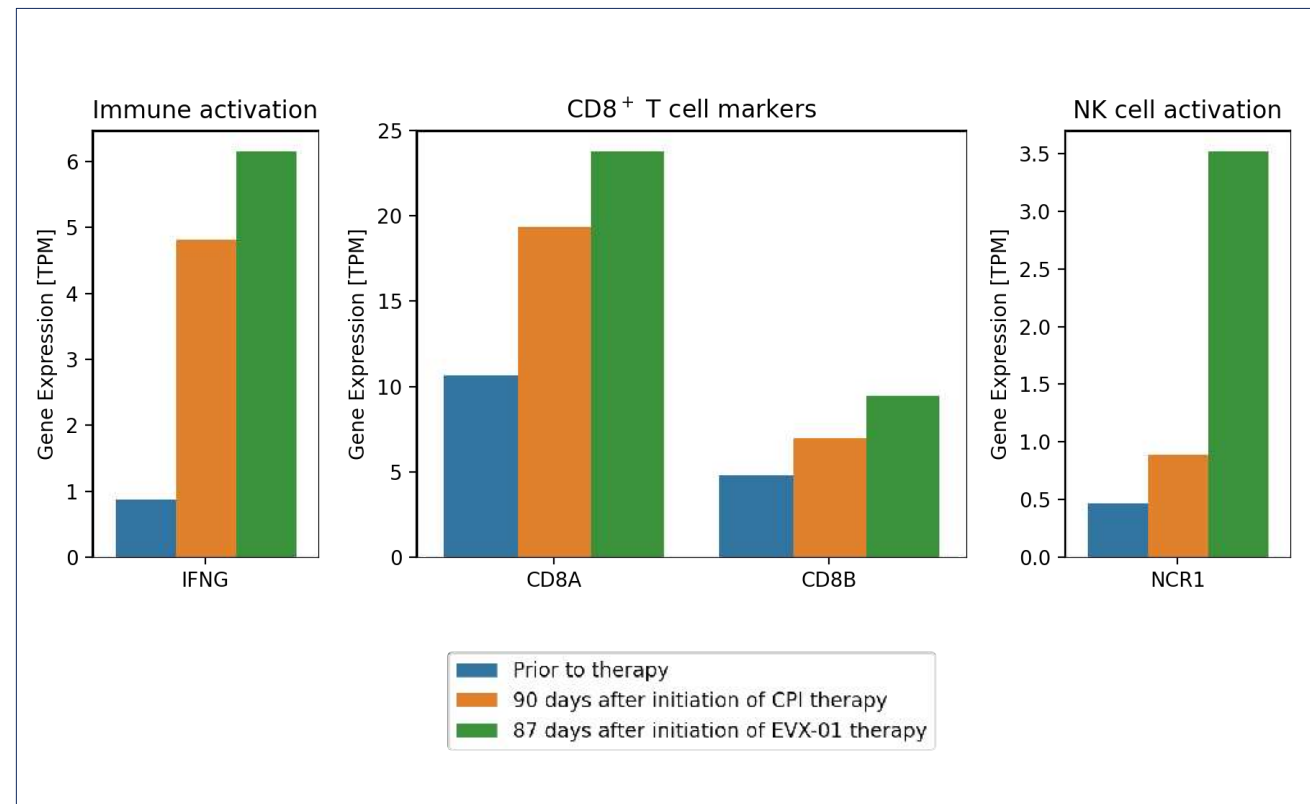


# Tumor Biopsies from Patient D01\_B Demonstrate Sustained T Cell Levels and Increased Immune Activation in Tumor Environment Following EVX-01 Treatment

**Sustained circulating CD4+ T-cell activation (ICS)**

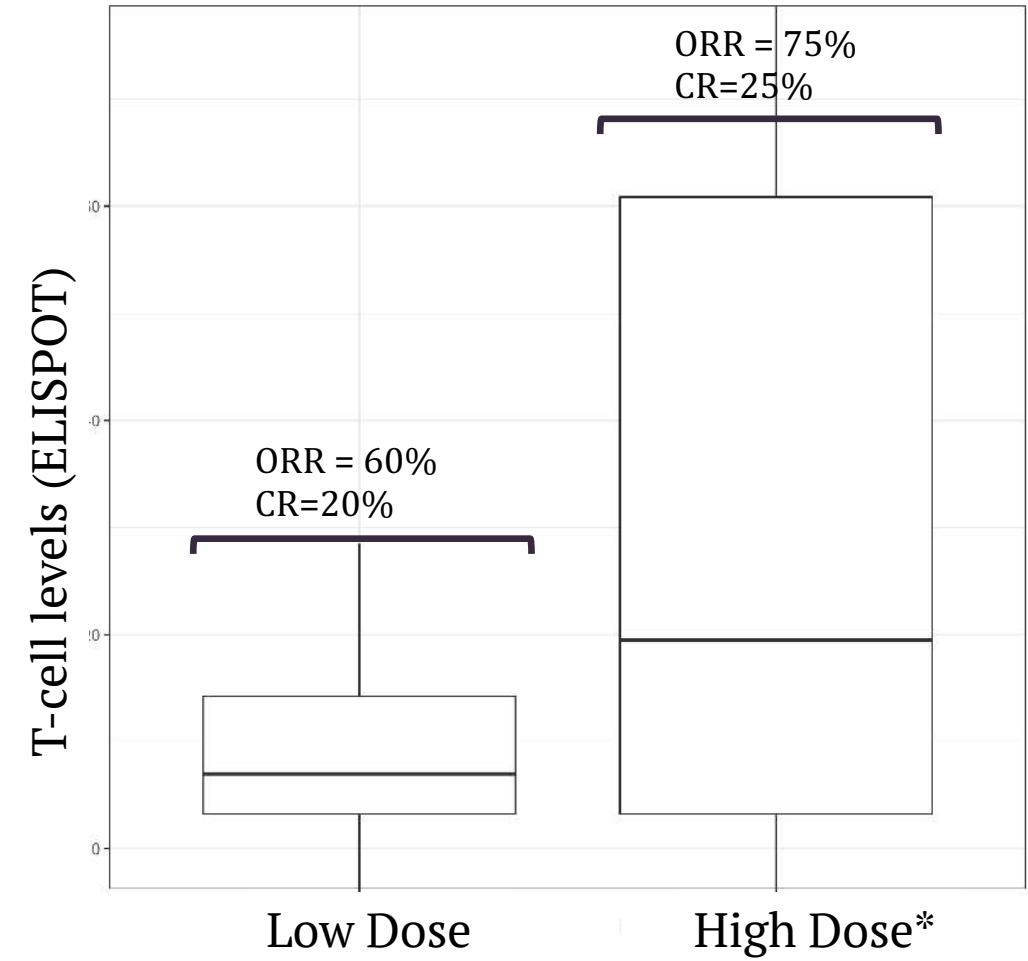


**Genetic markers for immune activation in follow-up biopsy after EVX-01 treatment**



# High Dose Level Increases ORR and T-Cell Activation while Maintaining a Favorable Safety Profile

- High dose increases ORR and CR rates
- High dose increases neoepitope-specific T-cell levels
- High dose does not impact safety and tolerability profile



\*High Dose: Dose level 2 and 3



# EVX-01 Appears to be Well Tolerated at All Dose Levels with TRAEs Indicative of an Immune Response to the Treatment

## SAFETY SUMMARY

- ✓ Primary objective met
- Only grade 1 and 2 TRAEs
- Favorable safety profile of EVX-01

| EVX-01 Treatment Related Adverse Events (TRAEs) |           |
|---|-----------|
| <b>9 patients</b>                               |           |
| Grade 1   | 8 (88,8%) |
| Grade2  | 4 (44,4%) |
| Grade 3   | 0 (0%)    |
| Leading to drug discontinuation                 | 0 (0%)    |
| Leading to death                                | 0 (0%)    |

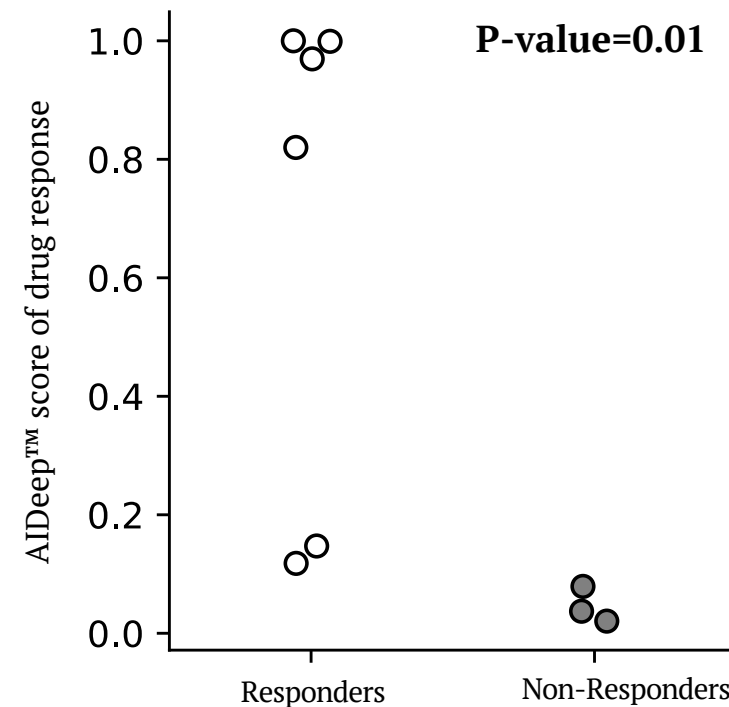
- Most frequently observed grade 1 TRAEs:**
- Fatigue
  - Stomach pain
  - Fever
  - Dizziness
  - Cough
  - Rash
- Most frequently observed grade 2 TRAEs:**
- Fatigue

# AIDeeP™, Our Proprietary AI-Immunogenetic Drug Response Platform, Predicts Responders vs. Non-responders

## AIDeeP™ identifies patients responding to therapy with high precision

Based on immunogenetic expression signatures in the tumor microenvironment, AIDeeP™ seeks to infer which patients benefit from the immunotherapeutic cancer treatment

AIDeeP™ PoC  
on EVX-01 clinical data (n=9)



Leave-one-patient-out cross-validation. P-value calculated using permutation test.

# AIDeeP™ May Decrease Development Risk and Increase Patient and Payer Benefit



# EVX-01: Proposed Multi-Center Randomized Controlled Phase IIb Trial in 194 Patients with Metastatic or Unresectable Melanoma

## Objectives

**Primary:** ORR per RECIST 1.1

**Secondary:** PFS and DOR, ct-DNA, Induction of relevant immunologic response (neoepitope-specific CD4+ and CD8+ T cells), OS, AE and SAE

## Indications

Metastatic or unresectable melanoma

## Trial summary

**Modality:** Peptide/Liposomal

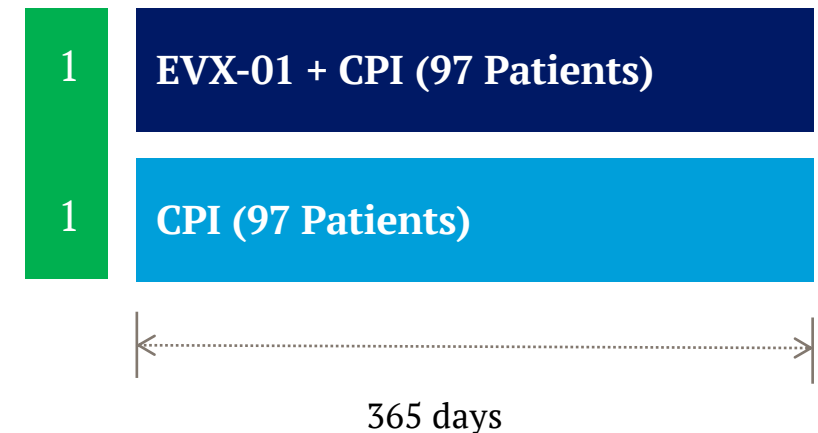
**Type:** Randomized multi-center controlled trial

**Locations:** US, AUS, Europe

**Timelines:** IND Q4 2021, FPFV: Q1 2022

Generate data to support the further development of AIDeeP™, Evaxion's Proprietary AI-Immunogenetic Drug Response Platform

## Randomization



Powered to show a significant benefit for patients based on ORR results from current EVX-01 trial

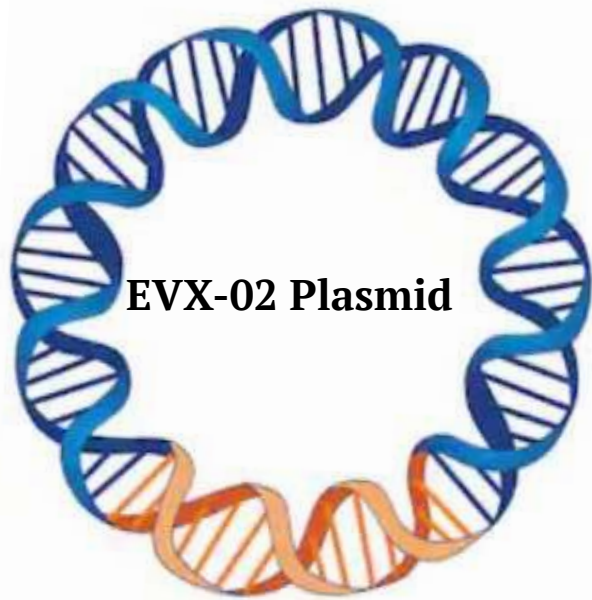
**EVX-02/03**

EVAX-DNA

*Patient-Specific Neoepitope-based Therapies*  
*Adjuvant Melanoma*

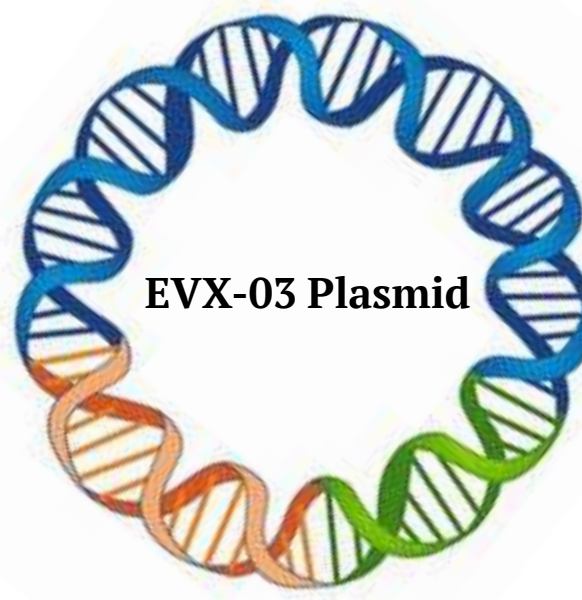
# EVAX-DNA: DNA Modalities and Administration Methodologies Designed to Induce CD4+ and CD8+ T cell-Driven Tumor Killing

EVAX-DNA backbone with immune stimulating inserts



Neoepitopes

EVAX-DNA backbone with immune stimulating inserts



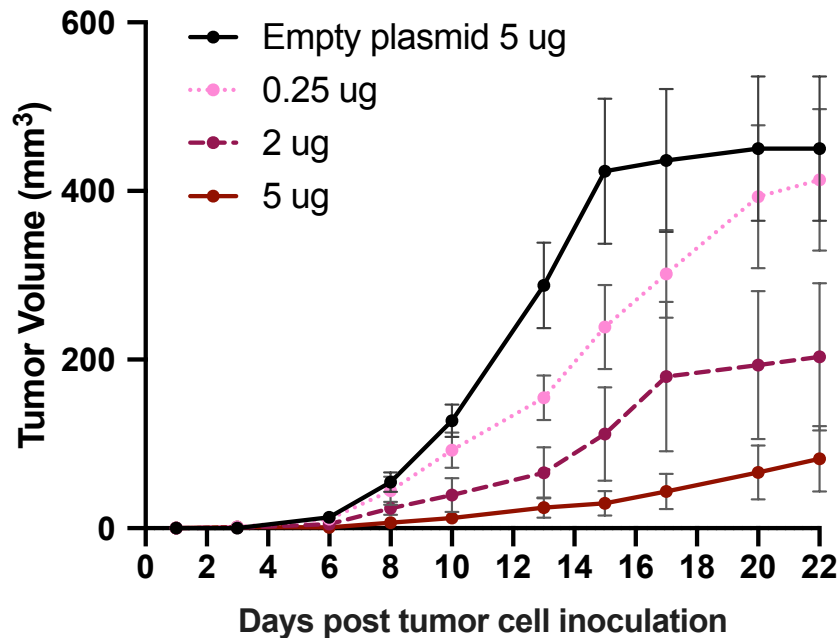
Neoepitopes APC-targeting

## Administration methodology

- Polymer formulation, delivered by a standard syringe
- DNA plasmid delivered via the PharmaJet Stratis® needle-free injection system

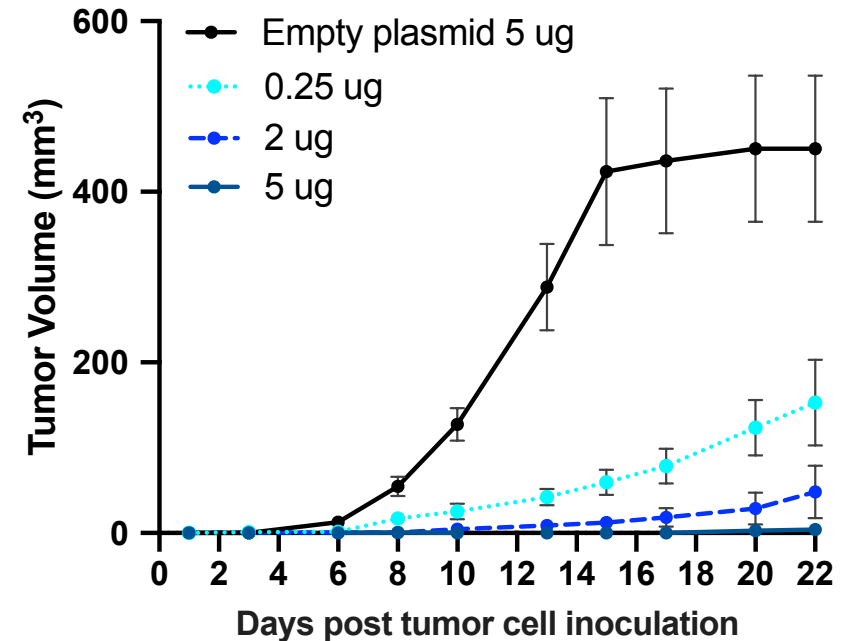
# Pre-Clinical Data from EVAX-DNA (+/- APC Targeting) Demonstrate Antitumor Effect

## Mouse EVX-02 induces antitumor immunity in pre-clinical models



Establishment of subcutaneous CT26 tumors is prevented in mice immunized with PIONEER-predicted neoepitopes encoded in a plasmid DNA at doses as low as 5  $\mu$ g DNA.

## Mouse EVX-03 induces antitumor immunity in pre-clinical models

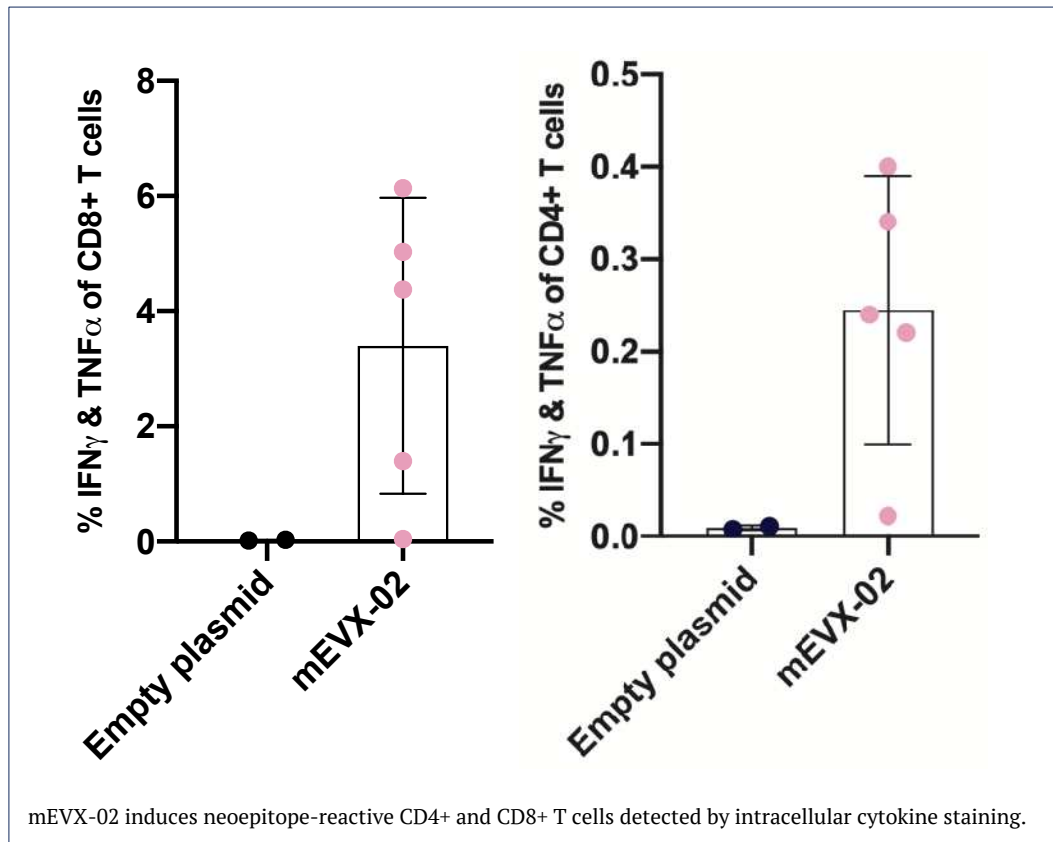


Addition of a APC-targeting motif to PIONEER-predicted neoepitopes encoded in a plasmid DNA shows clear antitumor efficacy at DNA doses as low as 0.25  $\mu$ g.

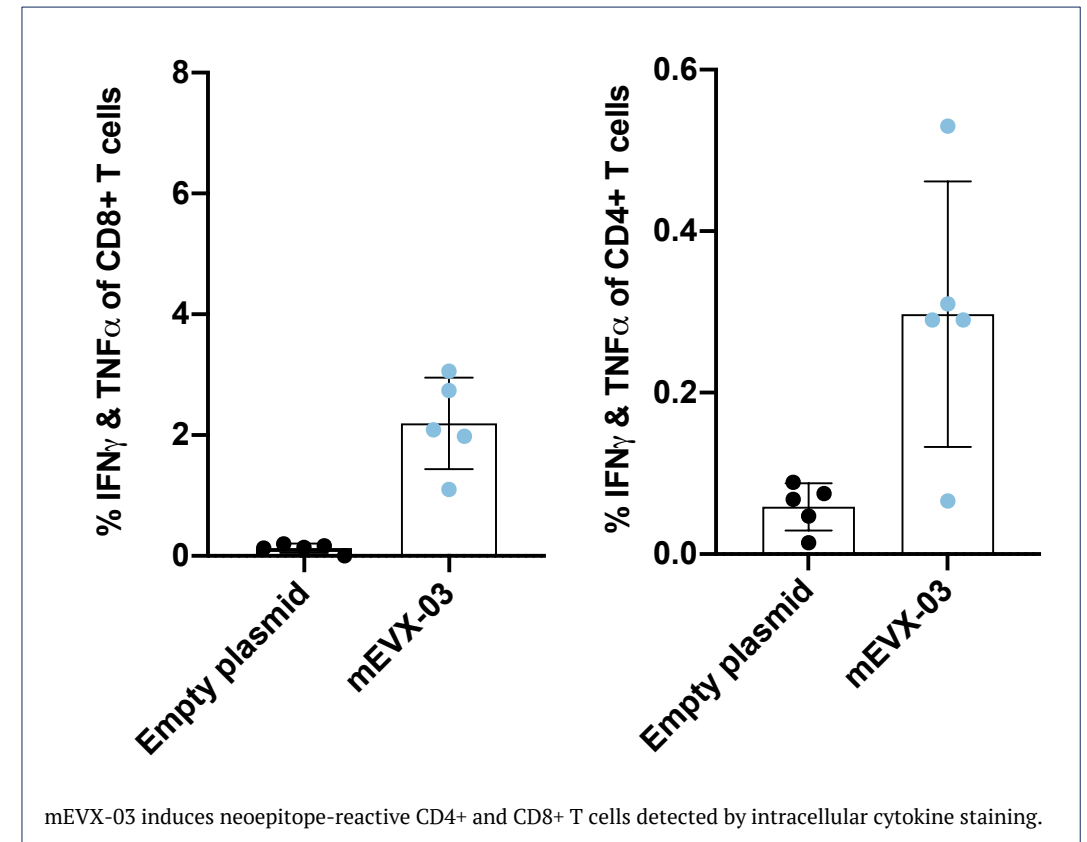


# Pre-Clinical Data from EVAX-DNA (+/- APC Targeting) Demonstrate Clear T-Cell Induction

Mouse EVX-02 induces neopeptide-reactive CD8+ and CD4+ T cells

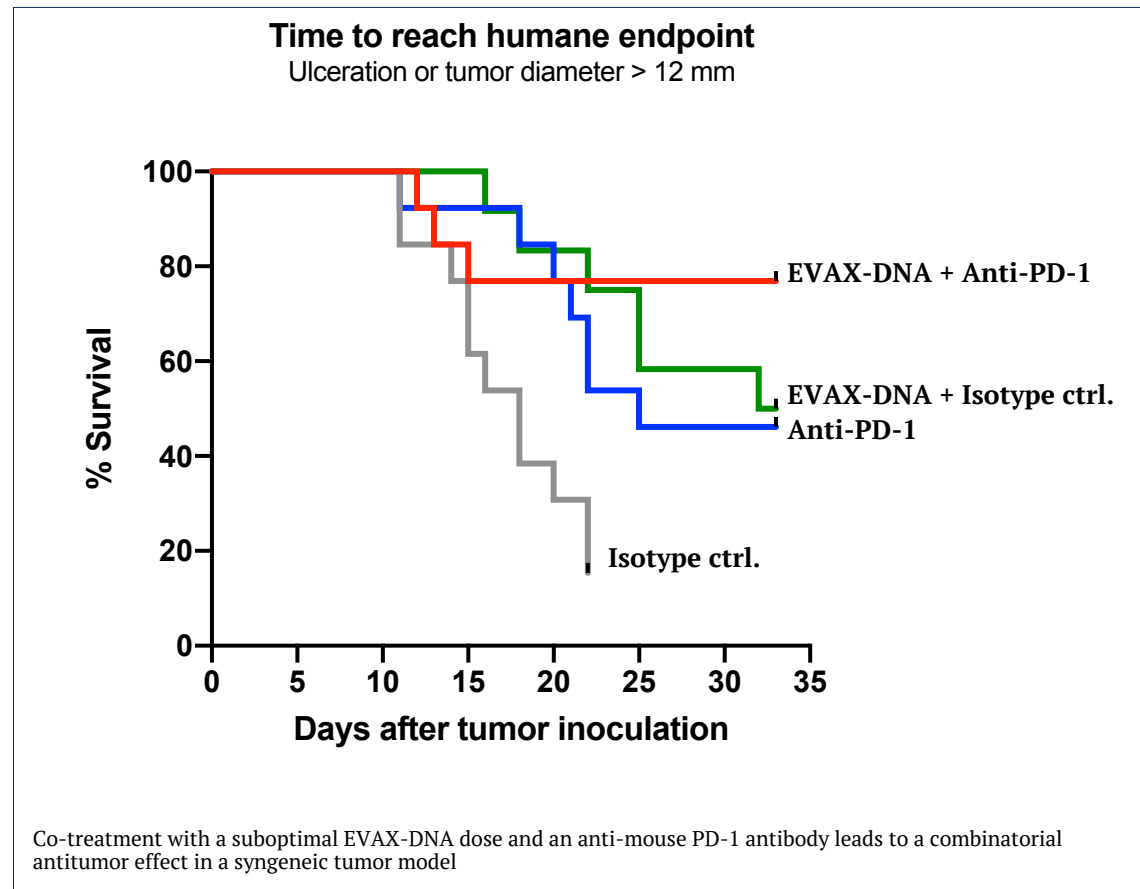


Mouse EVX-03 induces neopeptide-reactive CD8+ and CD4+ T cells



# Pre-Clinical Data Demonstrates Increased Antitumor Effect when Co-Administered with Anti-mPD-1

**EVAX-DNA + anti-PD-1 antibody treatment leads to an enhanced antitumor effect**



# Preliminary Data from Phase I/IIa Trial Shows Induction of Neoepitope-Specific CD4+ and CD8+ T cells

## Objectives

**Primary:** Safety / tolerability and immunogenicity

**Secondary:** Relapse free survival at 12 months

## Indications

Adjuvant therapy after complete resection of Stage IIIB/IIIC/IIID or Stage 4 melanoma in patients with high risk for recurrence

## Assessment of administration methodology

**EVX-02A** (Polymer)  
plus nivolumab, n=8

**EVX-02B** (Jet Injector)  
plus nivolumab, n=8

Ongoing Phase I/IIa EVX-02 trial will continue to recruit patients to generate data until initiation of Phase IIB trial

| Patient ID | Administration methodology | Ex vivo ELISPOT | IVS <sup>1</sup> ELISPOT | ICS <sup>2</sup> CD4+ T cells | ICS <sup>2</sup> CD8+ T cells | Reactive neoepitopes |
|------------|----------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------|
| 101-E01    | Jet Injector               | Yes             | Yes                      | Yes                           | Yes                           | 8/13                 |
| 104-E01    | Polymer                    | Yes             | Yes                      | Yes                           | Yes                           | 7/13                 |

<sup>1</sup>IVS; In Vitro Stimulation

<sup>2</sup>ICS; Intracellular Cytokine Staining

# Pre-Clinical and Clinical Data from EVX-02 and EVX-03 Studies Supports Plan to Progress EVAX-DNA into a Combined Phase IIB Trial

## Objectives

**Primary:** RFS across treatment cohorts

**Secondary:** Induction of relevant immunologic response (CD4+ and CD8+ neopeptide-specific lymphocytes), ct-DNA, OS, AE and SAE

## Indications

Stage IIb/c/d & Stage IV melanoma

## Trial summary

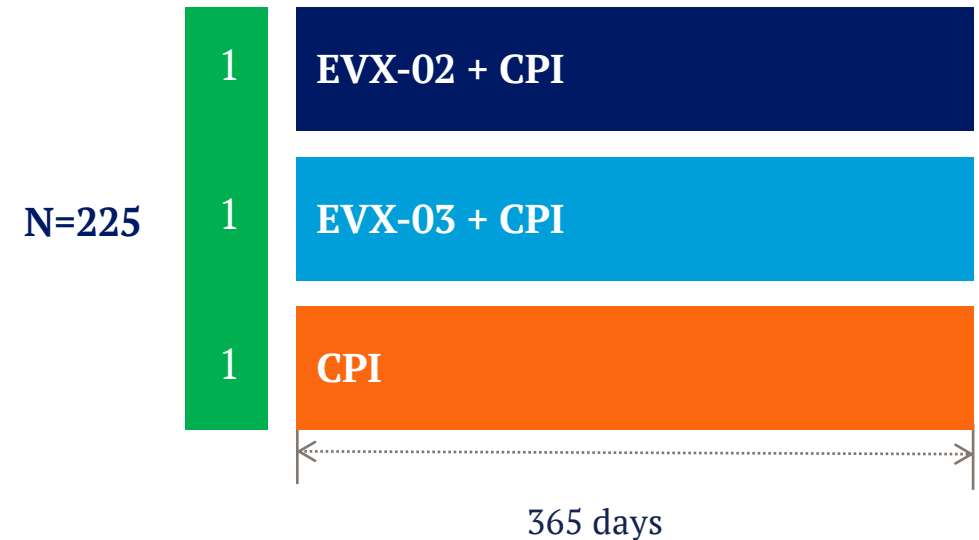
**Modality:** Modality: DNA-based with or without APC component

**Type:** Multi-center trial

**Locations:** US, AUS, Europe

**Timelines:** IND Q2 2022, FPFV: Q2 2022

Generate data to support the further development of AIDeeP™, Evaxion's Proprietary AI-Immunogenetic Drug Response Platform





THANK YOU